Yisroel Ber Odesser

Rabbi **Yisroel Dov Ber Odesser** (<u>Hebrew</u>: ישראל דב בער אדסר) (approx. 1888 – 23 October 1994), also known as**Reb Odesser** or **Sabba** ("grandfather" in <u>Hebrew</u>), was a <u>Breslover Hasid</u> and <u>rabbi</u> who claimed to have received a "Letter From Heaven" sent directly to him by Rebbe<u>Nachman of Breslov</u>, who had died 112 years earlier, revealing to him a new remedy for relieving the world's suffering and illness. [1] This remedy is the song and name <u>Na Nach Nachman Nachman Meuman</u>, which he revealed in his old age to newfound followers throughout <u>Israel</u>. His following developed into the <u>Na Nach</u> movement. Some controversies surround the origin of the Letter, Rabbi Odesser's bold claims regarding *Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman*, and his position in the Breslov movement.

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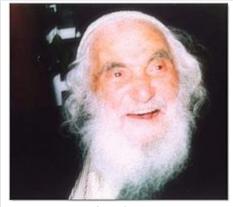
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Rabbi Yisroel Dov Ber Odesser

Sabba



Reb Odesser

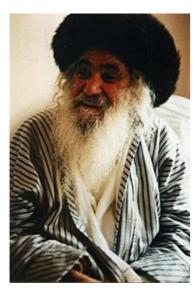
Organisation Breslov

Personal details	
Born	1888 (approx.) Tiberias, Ottoman Empire
Died	October 23rd, 1994 Israel
Buried	Har HaMenuchot
Spouse	Esther
Occupation	Rabbi

Introduction to Breslov

Odesser was born in <u>Tiberias</u> when <u>Israel</u> were under <u>Ottoman rule</u>, to a family which for generations were <u>Karliner</u> Hasidim. (His great-great-grandfather, Rabbi Yekutiel Zalman Leib, was a close disciple of Rabbi Abraham Kalisker, a major disciple of the <u>Baal Shem Tov.</u>) In his youth, Odesser also followed the Karliner waybut felt it was not fulfilling his soul.

Odesser first came into contact with the teachings of Rebbe Nachman of Breslov as a young <u>yeshiva</u> student in Tiberias. Someone had ripped the cover off a <u>Hebrew language</u> holy book and thrown it into the garbage. <u>Orthodox Judaism</u> forbids defacing a holy book in this way, so Odesser rescued it with the intention of burying it, as is proper for worn-out Jewish holy books. Before discarding it, however, he decided to read it. This book was *Hishtafchut HaNefesh(Outpouring of the Soul)* by <u>Alter Tepliker</u>, which contains excerpts from Rebbe Nachman's writings about meditation and personal prayer. Because the cover was missing, Odesser did not know who the author was, but the teachings worked for him. Only later did he learn it was Pareslover book.



Rabbi Yisroel Ber Odesser

The first Breslover Hasid whom he met in person was Rabb<u>Yisroel Halpern</u> (also known as Yisroel Karduner), who came one day to buy bread from Odesser's parents. The young Odesser knew immediately that he had found his teacher, but his parents were strongly opposed to the Breslover path. Eventually his father threw him out of the house and attempted to stop his upcoming wedding. This did not deter him, and he continued to study with Halpern. The wedding took place as planned. Odesser's wife, Esther, supported him through many sufferings and much ridicule from the local townsfolk.

In those days, it was commonly said among Jews that anyone who became a Breslover Hasid would eventually go <u>insane</u>. This is probably because Breslovers try to spend at least an hour per day in <u>hitbodedut</u>, personal communion with God, which they often performed alone in the woods or fields, often at night, meditating and crying out to God. This was not a usual Jewish practice at the time, and was regarded with deep suspicion. Jews normally prayed indoors with a <u>minyan</u>, not alone in the woods. (The Breslov practice of *hitbodedut* is *in addition* to the liturgical prayers.) Moreover, when Odesser would pray in the <u>synagogue</u>, it was with such intense fervor that he often began to clap, dance, and spin ecstatically for hours.

During the time the British entered Tiberias in World War I, a plague broke out in the city. Halpern became very ill and eventually died, along with most of his family. After Halpern's death in 1918, Odesser became a personal attendant of Rabbi Solomon Eliezer Alfandari, the great Sephardi rav and kabbalist known as the Saba Kadisha, who was living in Tiberias at the time. After seeing Odesser recite the Tikkun Chatzot (Midnight Lament over the destruction of the Beis Hamikdash one night, however, the Saba Kadisha refused to let him attend him anymore, and instead treated him as a young colleague?

After that, Odesser traveled to Jerusalem, where he studied with the elders of the Breslover community in that city

Correspondence with Zalman Shazar

On a rainy Tu Bishvat night in 1957, Zalman Shazar (who would become the third President of Israel) was with a friend in Meron. There they saw a Hasid, Odesser, reciting the *Tikkun Chatzot* ("Midnight Lament") with intense fervor. They were very moved by this, and, when the Hasid had finished, they asked who he was. Thus began a lifelong friendship between Shazar and Odesser. Over the years, Odesser wrote many letters to Shazar, explaining the Breslov way of personal prayer and devotion, and urging him to return to God (Shazar was non-religious at the time). Shazar was greatly inspired by these letters and did become more religious. He later published the letters, along with a short biography of Odesser, in a Hebrew book entitled *Ibay Ha-Nachal* (in Hebrew: אבי). In 1995, this book was translated into English aavoung Buds of the Stream.

The word "ibey" (אבי), meaning *buds*, in the Hebrew title of the book, is a reversal of the abbreviation of Odesser's name (אבי). The <u>Hebrew</u> title "*Ibey Ha-Nachal*" therefore has the double meanings "*Yisroel Odesser, the <u>stream/river</u>*" and "*Young Buds of the Stream*".

Discovering the Na Nach phrase

When he was approximately 24 years old, Odesser came into possession of a document later published as *The Letter from Heaven* (known colloquially as the Petek).[3]

According to Odesser, he succumbed to cravings during the fast of the <u>Seventeenth of Tammuz</u> and he ate something.^[4] He was severely distraught as a result. For six days he suffered intensely and felt like a dead man. He prayed and had a "powerful thought enter [his] mind" to "Go to your room and open the bookcase, and put your hand and any book...and open it to wherever it opens... and there you will find good things that will enable you to revive yourself; there you will find a healing for your soul!" Acting on

this thought, he chose a book, opened it, and found a letter inside containing words of greeting and encouragement, along with a phrase in the Hebrew language based on the four letters of the name *Nachman* (i.e., Rebbe Nachman of Breslov), added one letter at a time, in a Kabbalisti*cachorayim* form.^[5]

Another Hasid by the name of Yoel said later that he had been the one who wrote the letter to Odesser after seeing how distraught he was over having to break his fast. Odesser claimed in rebuttal that his room had been locked and only he had the key, and maintained that this document was miraculously communicated to him.

Na Nach movement

Odesser's publicizing of *Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman* was rejected by mainstream Breslovers for many decades. Around 1984, when he was approximately 86 years old and living in an <u>old age home</u> in <u>Ra'anana</u>, Israel, [1] a group of <u>baalei</u> <u>teshuva</u> (returnees to the Jewish faith) discovered Odesser and were attracted to his teachings. He eventually became their spiritual leader. The name and song, *Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman*was adopted by this subgroup of Breslover Hasidim and

has appeared on billboards, bumper stickers, and knitted <u>yarmulkes</u>, as well as in musical compositions of this group (colloquially known as the *Na Nachs*) ever since.

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A reproduction of the "Letter from Heaven".

Final years

Meeting with Rabbi Moshe Feinstein

In the early 1980s, Rabbi Odesser met with Rabbi Moshe Feinstein, who had seen the *petek* and wished to meet its owner. At the meeting, Rabbi Feinstein asked Rabbi Odesser for a blessing, and Rabbi Feinstein also called in his wife to get a blessing from Rabbi Odesser. Rabbi Feinstein gave Rabbi Odesser the following approbation.

I am writing on behalf of a most unusual individual, Rabbi Yisroel Dov Odesser, *shlita*, from Israel. This individual is a gaon in Torah. I had the pleasure of recently meeting with him. I saw a secret document he possesses; it is something very wondrous.



A Na Nach Breslover Hasid stands beside a van emblazoned with images of Rabbi Ysroel Ber Odesser and the Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman phrase in downtown Jerusalem.

Rabbi Odesser is soliciting funds to enable him to print Rabbi Nachman's sefarim, and it is a great mitzvah to assist him in this endeavor Hashem will reward all those that so assist him.

Rabbi Moshe Feinstein

Those who doubt the authenticity of the *petek* downplay Rabbi Feinstein's approbation by saying that he was known for his lovingkindness and his desire to help people. They say that all Rabbi Feinstein wrote was that the *petek* was wondrous, but he didn't verify its authenticity.

Drawing followers

In his later years, Odesser attracted many new followers to Breslov. Many families made aliyah from France. He spent time living anywhere from a week to a month or longer in the homes of his new followers. He would most frequently reside in Meron, Tzefat, Tiberias, Ramat Gan, Bnei Brak, Beitar, Mevaseret Zion, and in the Jerusalem neighborhoods of Har Nof, the Old City, and Neve Yaakov.

Keren Israel Dov Odesser

Odesser collected close to half a million dollars in <u>tzedaka</u> (charity) money in two years without leaving his wheelchair. People would run to bring him *pidyonot*. He left the entire sum to establish Keren Yisroel Dov Odesser for printing and distributing the books of Rebbe Nachman at subsidized prices. The Keren was run by Rabbi Amram Horowitz, Odesser's grandson and grandson of Shmuel Horowitz of Breslov fame, until his death in 2009.

"I am Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman!"

A few days before his death at the age of 106, Rabbi Odesser recorded these words on tape!

All the world, and the whole government, do not know who I am! Behold, I inform them who I am! I am *Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman*

Who is the Rebbe of the whole world? Rebbe Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman

I am Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman

His detractors thought he had gone senile and was literally claiming to be Nachman of Breslov, who is buried in <u>Uman, Ukraine</u>. Others say he was speaking of his total identification with the name *Na Nach Nachman Nachman Meuman* and with Rebbe Nachman. Still others say he had become a "spiritual emanation" of the soul of Rebbe Nachman.

Death and burial

Odesser died on 23 October 1994 and was buried on <u>Har HaMenuchot</u> (Gush 11, Chelka bet), Jerusalem. On his tombstone is engraved: "Rabbi Israel Dov Ber Odesser, *a*"h, [who] said, 'I am *Na Nach Nachma Nachman Meuman*." Many people claim to have experienced salvations through visiting and praying there.

References

- 1. Yisroel Ber Odesser. moharan.com(http://www.moharan.com/pages_angl/page_rabbi_israel_angl.htm)
- 2. <u>Highlights in the Life of Rabbi Ysroel DovBer Odesser.</u> nanach.org (http://www.nanach.org/intro/highlights-rabbiyisr oel-dovber-odesserhtml)
- 3. The Letter from Heaven: Rebbe Nachman's Songan account of Rabbi Odesser's life and the story of the letter containing Na Nach Nachman Nachman Meuman published by Netzach Ysroel Press, Israel, 1991, 1995.
- 4. Israel Saba. Keren Rabbi Israel Dov Odesser ztz"l. 2007. p. 14ff. (The Miracle of the Petek)
- 5. "Achorayim" -- A progressive expansion of the name, one letter at a timehttps://www.scribd.com/doc/28475131/Kab bala-and-the-10-Plagues-The-Holy-Ari)
- 6. http://www.zissil.com/topics/File:00000050-noshe-feinstein-haskama-petek-jpg

Further reading

■ The Letter from Heaven: Rebbe Nachman's Songan account of Rabbi Odesser's life and the story of the letter containing Na Nach Nachman Nachman published by Netzach Yisroel Press, Israel, 1991, 1995.

Video and audio links

Videos

Rabbi Yisroel Ber Odesseron YouTube

External links

- NaNach.net Site dedicated to people following the teachings of Rabbi Odesser
- "Blossoms of the Spring" letters to Zalman Shazar from Rabbi Odesser, English edition published by Netzach Yisroel Press, Israel 1995. Pages 5–7 contain material on Odesser's ancestryetc. Pages 8–44 contain first-hand biographical material as told by Odesser to Shazar

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